

NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

g01ab

1 Purpose

g01ab computes the means, standard deviations, corrected sums of squares and products, maximum and minimum values, and the product-moment correlation coefficient for two variables. Unequal weighting may be given.

2 Syntax

```
[wt, res, ifail] = g01ab(x1, x2, 'n', n, 'wt', wt)
```

3 Description

The data consist of two samples of n observations, denoted by x_i and y_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$, with corresponding weights w_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

If no specific weighting is given, then each w_i is set to 1.0 in g01ab.

The quantities calculated are:

(a) The sum of weights,

$$W = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i.$$

(b) The means,

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i}{W}, \quad \bar{y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i y_i}{W}.$$

(c) The corrected sums of squares and products

$$\begin{aligned} c_{11} &= \sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2 \\ c_{21} &= c_{12} = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) \\ c_{22} &= \sum_{i=1}^n w_i (y_i - \bar{y})^2. \end{aligned}$$

(d) The standard deviations

$$s_j = \sqrt{\frac{c_{jj}}{d}}, \quad \text{where } j = 1, 2 \quad \text{and} \quad d = W - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i^2}{W}.$$

(e) The product-moment correlation coefficient

$$R = \frac{c_{12}}{\sqrt{c_{11}c_{22}}}.$$

(f) The minimum and maximum elements in each of the two samples.

(g) The number of pairs of observations, m , for which $w_i > 0$, i.e., the number of **valid** observations. The quantities in (d) and (e) above will only be computed if $m \geq 2$. All other items are computed if $m \geq 1$.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **x1(n)** – double array

The observations from the first sample, x_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

2: **x2(n)** – double array

The observations from the second sample, y_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: **n** – int32 scalar

Default: The dimension of the arrays **x1**, **x2**, **wt**. (An error is raised if these dimensions are not equal.)

n , the number of pairs of observations.

Constraint: $n \geq 1$.

2: **wt(n)** – double array

If **wt** is non null, then the elements of **wt** must contain the weights, w_i , associated with the pairs of observations, x_i, y_i , for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

None.

5.4 Output Parameters

1: **wt(n)** – double array

If **wt** was non null on input, then the elements of **wt** are unchanged.

If **wt** was null on input each element of **wt** will be assigned the value 1.0.

2: **res(13)** – double array

The elements of **res** contain the following results:

- res(1)** mean of the first sample, $\bar{x}$;
- res(2)** mean of the second sample, $\bar{y}$;
- res(3)** standard deviation of the first sample, s_1 ;
- res(4)** standard deviation of the second sample, s_2 ;
- res(5)** corrected sum of squares of the first sample, c_{11} ;
- res(6)** corrected sum of products of the two samples, c_{12} ;
- res(7)** corrected sum of squares of the second sample, c_{22} ;
- res(8)** product-moment correlation coefficient, R ;
- res(9)** minimum of the first sample;
- res(10)** maximum of the first sample;
- res(11)** minimum of the second sample;
- res(12)** maximum of the second sample;
- res(13)** sum of weights, $\sum_{i=1}^n w_i$ ($= n$, if **wt** is null on entry).

3: **ifail** – **int32 scalar**

0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

ifail = 1

On entry, **n** < 1.

ifail = 2

The number of valid cases, *m*, is 1, hence the standard deviation, 3(d), and the product-moment correlation coefficient, 3(e), cannot be calculated.

ifail = 3

The number of valid cases, *m*, is 0, or at least one of the weights is negative.

7 Accuracy

The method used is believed to be stable.

8 Further Comments

The time taken by g01ab increases linearly with *n*.

9 Example

```
x1 = [350;  
      550;  
      380;  
      510;  
      1270;  
      300;  
      2630;  
      810;  
      140;  
      450;  
      2280;  
      250;  
      540;  
      720;  
      90;  
      480;  
      180;  
      3160;  
      220;  
      860;  
      300;  
      1460;  
      400;  
      620;  
      120;  
      780;  
      230;  
      1070;  
      160];  
x2 = [47;  
      95;  
      211;
```

```
wfOut =  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
      1  
  
res =   1.0e+07 *  
       0.0001  
       0.0000  
       0.0001  
       0.0000  
       1.6396  
       0.3483  
       0.1132  
       0.0000  
       0.0000  
       0.0003
```

```
0.0000
0.0001
0.0000
ifail =
      0
```
